# Daily times tables: 

Don't forget to practise daily on Times
Tables Rockstars to earn coins for your Avatar! The next Battle of the Bands will be starting soon.
https://play.ttrockstars.com/auth/school/student

You can also use this link to practise your times tables:

- https://www.timestables.co.uk/speed-test/

4 Ops - Addition
Written Method Layout:
$89787+6879$

## How can you check?

## Inverse:

$96666-6879=89787$

| Estimate: |
| :---: |
| $90000+7000=97000$ |$\quad$| 89787 |
| ---: |$\quad$| 6879 |
| ---: |
| $\underline{1} 111$ |
| $\underline{96666}$ |

Put the 'exchanged' numbers sitting on the line. This layout will help you when learning long multiplication.

## Ops - Addition

1) ? $-70=310$
2) $3,709+108=$
3) $368+6,073=$
4) $?=8,909+291$
5) $7,000+38+62=$
6) $£ 6,999+£ 300=$
7) $735 \mathrm{~cm}+5 \mathrm{~m}=$
8) ? $-568 g=602 g$
9) $3 / 9+7 / 9=$
10) Frank had 198 stamps. He collected 5 more. How many stamps does Frank have now?
11) ? $-£ 1.82=£ 182$
12) $15.67 \mathrm{~kg}+3,303 \mathrm{~g}+6.7 \mathrm{~kg}=$
13) $?=£ 9,789+£ 97.89$
14) $3,397 \mathrm{~m}+39.7 \mathrm{~km}+3.97 \mathrm{~km}=$
15) $?=£ 87.78+£ 877.78$
16) $8.701 \mathrm{~kg}=?-4389 \mathrm{~g}$
17) $2.8 \mathrm{~L}+12,888 \mathrm{~mL}=$
18) $1 / 7+3 / 28=$
19) $1 / 7+1 / 4=$
20) Frank had 198 marbles.

Freya had 189 marbles. Fran had 101 marbles.
How many marbles did Fran and Frank have altogether?

What is the most efficient method?

## 18/5/20 ANSWERS

## 4 Ops - Addition

1) $380-70=310$
2) $3,709+108=3,817$
3) $368+6,073=6,441$
4) $9,200=8,909+291$
5) $7,000+38+62=7,100$
6) $£ 6,999+£ 300=£ 7,299$
7) $735 \mathrm{~cm}+5 \mathrm{~m}=1,235 \mathrm{~cm}$
8) $1,170 \mathrm{~g}-568 \mathrm{~g}=602 \mathrm{~g}$
9) $3 / 9+7 / 9=10 / 9$ OR $11 / 9$
10) Frank had 198 stamps. He collected 5 more.
How many stamps does
Frank have now? = 203 stamps

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m} & £ 1=100 \mathrm{p} \\
1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm} & 1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g} \\
1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm} & 1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{ml}
\end{array}
$$

1) $£ 183.82-£ 1.82=£ 182$
2) $15.67 \mathrm{~kg}+3,303 \mathrm{~g}+6.7 \mathrm{~kg}=25,673 \mathrm{~g}$
3) $£ 9,886.89=£ 9,789+£ 97.89$
4) $3,397 \mathrm{~m}+39.7 \mathrm{~km}+3.97 \mathrm{~km}$ $=47,067 \mathrm{~m}$
5) $£ 965.56=£ 87.78+£ 877.78$
6) $8.701 \mathrm{~kg}=13,090 \mathrm{~g}-4389 \mathrm{~g}$
7) $2.8 \mathrm{~L}+12,888 \mathrm{~mL}=15,688 \mathrm{~mL}$
8) $1 / 7+3 / 28=7 / 28$
9) $1 / 7+1 / 4=11 / 28$
10) Frank had 198 marbles.

Freya had 189 marbles. Fran had 101 marbles.
How many marbles did Fran and Frank have altogether? = 299 marbles

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3952-1475=
```

Estimate:

| 8 |  | 4 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 9 | 5 | 2 |
| 1 | 4 | 7 | 5 |
| 2 | 4 | 7 | 7 |



19/5/20
4 Ops - Subtraction

1) $7,776-66=$
2) $8,023-329=$
3) $9,389-7,894=$
4) $8,190-985=$
5) $£ 2000-£ 20=$
6) $7 \mathrm{~m}-70 \mathrm{~cm}=$
7) $? m+29 m=100 m$
8) $? \mathrm{~cm}+11 \mathrm{~mm}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$
9) $7 / 15-4 / 15=$
10) I have 201 marbles.

You take away 30. How many are left?

1) $£ 7.07-77 \mathrm{p}=$
2) $8,785 \mathrm{~m}-8.6 \mathrm{~km}=$
3) $3,909 \mathrm{~mL}-2.978 \mathrm{~L}=$
4) $17.008 \mathrm{~kg}-7,990 \mathrm{~g}=$
5) $7.9 \mathrm{~kg}-6,999 \mathrm{~g}=$
6) $£ 600-£ 60.06=$
7) $67,888+?=100,000$
8) $21 / 30-1 / 5=$
9) $5 / 6-1 / 2=$
10) A library has 4,911 books. You take away 18 books. How many are left?

What is the most efficient method?

## 19/5/20 ANSWERS 4 Ops - Subtraction

1) $7,776-66=7,710$
2) $8,023-329=7,694$
3) $9,389-7,894=1,495$
4) $8,190-985=7,205$
5) $£ 2000-£ 20=£ 1,980$
6) $7 \mathrm{~m}-70 \mathrm{~cm}=630 \mathrm{~cm}$
7) $71 \mathrm{~m}+29 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~m}$
8) $9 \mathrm{~cm}+11 \mathrm{~mm}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$
9) $7 / 15-4 / 15=11 / 15$
10) I have 201 marbles. You take away 30. How many are left? = 171 marbles
11) $£ 7.07-77 \mathrm{p}=£ 6.30$
12) $8,785 \mathrm{~m}-8.6 \mathrm{~km}=185 \mathrm{~m}$
13) $3,909 \mathrm{~mL}-2.978 \mathrm{~L}=931 \mathrm{~mL}$
14) $17.008 \mathrm{~kg}-7,990 \mathrm{~g}=9,018 \mathrm{~g}$
15) $7.9 \mathrm{~kg}-6,999 \mathrm{~g}=901 \mathrm{~g}$
16) $£ 600-£ 60.06=£ 539.94$
17) $67,888+32,112=100,000$
18) $21 / 30-1 / 5=15 / 30$
19) $5 / 6-1 / 2=2 / 6$
20) A library has 4,911 books. You take away 18 books. How many are left? $=4,893$ books

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m} & £ 1=100 \mathrm{p} \\
1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm} & 1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g} \\
1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm} & 1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{ml}
\end{array}
$$



Put the 'exchanged' numbers sitting on the line, not under. This layout will help you when learning long multiplication.

## 4 Ops - Multiplication

1) $9^{2}=$
2) $81 \times 10=$
3) $100 \times 81=$
4) $81 \times 0=$
5) $81 \times 3=$
6) $63 \times 3=$
7) $62 \times 6=$
8) $64 \times 6=$
9) There are 12 nets.

Each net has 6 nectarines in. How many nectarines are there altogether?

1) $9^{3}=$
2) $72.4 \times 100=$
3) $1 \times 72.4=$
4) $72.4 \times 1000=$
5) $724 \times 9=$
6) $8 \times 742=$
7) $13 \times 724=$
8) $3 \times 1 / 5=$
9) There are 200 boxes.

Each box has * nectarines in. How many nectarines are there altogether?
(* = answer to green Q9)

1) $9^{2}=81$
2) $81 \times 10=810$
3) $100 \times 81=8,100$
4) $81 \times 0=0$
5) $81 \times 3=243$
6) $63 \times 3=189$
7) $62 \times 6=372$
8) $64 \times 6=384$
9) There are 12 nets. Each net has 6 nectarines in. How many nectarines are there altogether? = 72 nectarines
10) $9^{3}=729$
11) $72.4 \times 100=7,240$
12) $1 \times 72.4=72.4$
13) $72.4 \times 1000=72,400$
14) $724 \times 9=6,516$
15) $8 \times 742=5,936$
16) $13 \times 724=9,412$
17) $3 \times 1 / 5=3 / 5$
18) There are 200 boxes. Each box has * nectarines in. How many nectarines are there altogether? = 14,400 nectarines
(* = answer to green Q9)

## 21/5/20

4 Ops - Division Written Method Layout:

## How can you check?

## Inverse:

$32 \times 6+4=196$

## Estimate:

$180 \div 6=30$


| 6)  <br> $-\frac{60}{196}$ $6 \times 10$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $-\frac{60}{76}$ | $6 \times 10$ |  |
| $-\frac{60}{16}$ | $6 \times 10$ |  |
| $-\frac{12}{4}$ | $6 \times \frac{2}{32}$ |  |
| Answer: | $32 R 4$ | OR $32 \frac{4}{6}$ |

The number you are dividing by ( 6 in this case) goes first. It is 6 multiplied by 10 .

Make sure that your working out is clear so that you and others can follow each step you have made when checking.

21/5/20 How can you write the remainder? 4 Ops - Division Written Method Layout:

NOTE: Remainders can also be expressed as a fraction or decimal. For example: remainder $2,2 / 5$ or 0.4

Estimate:
$400 \div 5=80$

5 | $0862^{2}$ |
| :---: |
| 432 |

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Inverse: } \\
86 \times 5+2=432
\end{gathered}
$$

Make sure that your working out is clear so that you and others can follow each step you have made when checking.

## 21/5/20

## What is the most efficient method?

## 4 Ops - Division

1) $54 \div 6=$
2) $540 \div 6=$
3) $546 \div 6=$
4) $546 \div 3=$
5) $527 \div 6=$
6) $637 \div 3=$
7) $660 \div 10=$
8) $6,600 \div 100=$
9) I have 66 shells. I divide them equally between 6 boxes. How many shells are in each box?
10) $? \times 10=73$
11) $73 \div 10=$
12) $7,300 \div 100=$
13) $7,300 \div 1000=$
14) $7,337 \div 1,000=$
15) $7,337 \div 9=$
16) $8,639 \div 8=$
17) $9,458 \div 11=$
18) I have 4,800 pebbles. I divide them
equally between
12 pots. How many pebbles are in each pot?

## 21/5/20 ANSWERS

## 4 Ops - Division

1) $54 \div 6=9$
2) $540 \div 6=90$
3) $546 \div 6=91$
4) $546 \div 3=182$
5) $527 \div 6=87 r 5$
6) $637 \div 3=212 r 1$
7) $660 \div 10=66$
8) $6,600 \div 100=66$
9) I have 66 shells. I divide them equally between 6 boxes. How many shells are in each box? = 11 shells
10) $7.3 \times 10=73$
11) $73 \div 10=7.3$
12) $7,300 \div 100=73$
13) $7,300 \div 1000=7.3$
14) $7,337 \div 1,000=7.337$
15) $7,337 \div 9=815 r 2$
16) $8,639 \div 8=1,079 r 7$
17) $9,458 \div 11=859 r 9$
18) I have 4,800 pebbles.

I divide them equally between 12 pots. How many pebbles are in each pot? = 400 pebbles

